



### SFP+ Dominated 10G in the Data Center

**Electrical** 

1 Tx/Rx lane at 10G

**↑** ↓

**Optical** 

| SFP+ = 10G<br>1x 10G |                     |  |  |
|----------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| MM                   | SM                  |  |  |
| 1λ @ 10G<br>2 F, LC  | 1λ @ 10G<br>2 F, LC |  |  |
| 10G-SR               | 10G-LR              |  |  |
| 400m                 | 10km                |  |  |





IEEE Published Standard
IEEE Pending Standard

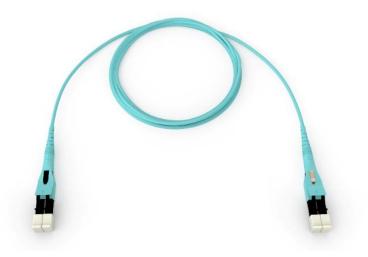
MSA/Eng Specification

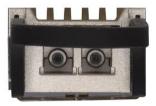
### LC Connectivity



## The common duplex interface in the Data Center

- LC connectivity is the leading duplex form factor for 10G through 800G
- Low Loss of 0.10 dB per mated pair MM, 0.25dB per mated pair SM
- Round 2.0 mm cable with no preferential bend
- Enhanced bend performance enabled by ClearCurve® fiber
- Uniboot design eliminates connector rotation in duplex clip designs and allow polarity changes on-site







### The optical road to higher data rates has a divergent path

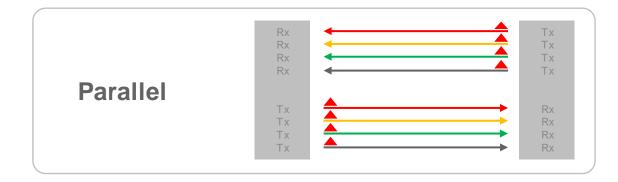


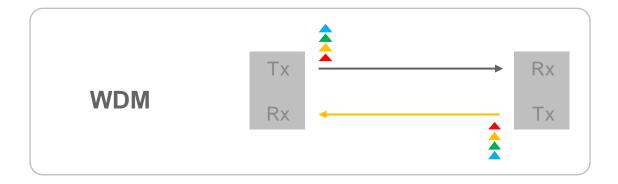


#### Single channel, serial transmission



Traditionally we've been able to increase the Bitrate within a single channel (turn the light off and on more quickly).







### 40G QSFP+ is mature

**Electrical** 

4 Tx/Rx lanes each at 10G



QSFP+ = 40G $4x \ 10G$ 



**Optical** 

| WDM                 |                     |                            | Par                        | allel                 |
|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| N                   | IM                  | SM                         | MM                         | SM                    |
| 2λ @ 20G<br>2 F, LC | 4λ @ 10G<br>2 F, LC | 4λ @ 10G<br>2 F, LC        | 1λ @ 10G<br>8 F, MTP       | 1λ @ 10G<br>8 F, MTP  |
| 40G-BiDi            | 40G-SWDM4           | <b>40G-LR4</b><br>40G-LR4L | <b>40G-SR4</b><br>40G-eSR4 | 40G-PLR4<br>40G-PLRL4 |
| 150m                | 350m                | <b>10km</b><br>2km         | <b>150m</b><br><i>400m</i> | 500m<br>1km           |







**IEEE Published Standard** 

**IEEE Pending Standard** 

MSA/Eng Specification

### 100G QSFP28 is mature

**Electrical** 

4 TX/RX lanes each at 25G



QSFP28 = 100G 4x 25G



**Optical** 

| WDM                 |                     |                                    | Par                          | allel                |
|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|
| M                   | IM                  | SM                                 | MM                           | SM                   |
| 2λ @ 50G<br>2 F, LC | 4λ @ 25G<br>2 F, LC | 4λ @ 25G<br>2 F, LC                | 1λ @ 25G<br>8 F, MTP         | 1λ @ 25G<br>8 F, MTP |
| 100G-BiDi           | 100G-SWDM4          | 100G-LR4<br>100G-FR4<br>100G-CWDM4 | <b>100G-SR4</b><br>100G-eSR4 | 100G-PSM4            |
| 100m                | 100m                | <b>10km 2km</b> 2 <i>km</i>        | <b>100m</b><br>300m          | 500m                 |







**IEEE Published Standard** 

**IEEE Pending Standard** 

MSA/Eng Specification

### **8F MTP Connectivity**



# The most common interface for Parallel Optics in DC

- Same form factor as 12F MTP, but only uses 8 of 12 fiber positions
- Low Loss of 0.25 dB per mated pair MM, 0.35 dB per mated pair SM
- MTP Pro allows for pinning and polarity changes in the field
- Round 2.0 mm cable with no preferential bend
- Enhanced bend performance enabled by ClearCurve® fiber



### 400G PMDs Being Introduced in the Market

Electrical

8 TX/RX lanes each at 50G





QSFP-DD or OSFP= 400G 8x50G



**Optical** 

|                        | WDM                  |                           |  | Parallel              |                       |
|------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| MM                     | SM                   |                           | SM MM                                  |                       | SM                    |
| No solution identified | 8λ @ 50G<br>2 F, LC  | 4λ @ 50G<br>2x 2 F, VSFFC | Parallel + WDM<br>2λ @ 50G<br>8 F, MTP | 1λ @ 50G<br>16 F, MTP | 1λ @ 100G<br>8 F, MTP |
|                        | 400G-LR8<br>400G-FR8 | 400G-2FR4                 | 400G-SR4.2                             | 400G-SR8              | 400G-DR4              |

100m

2km



**IEEE Published Standard** 

10km

2km

**IEEE Pending Standard** 

MSA/Eng Specification



500m

100m

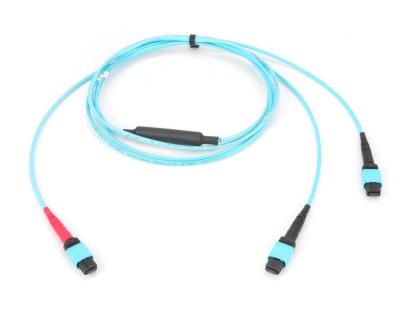


### 400G MM introduces new 16F MTP Interface



16F MTP Interfaces

- Two form factors exist on the market:
  - Single row of 16F
  - Two rows of 8F, utilizing the 24F MTP Footprint
- 8F MM solutions expected to be used for structured cabling
- 16F MM solution used to breakout 400G transceivers to 50G devices







### 800G is bringing changes to the roadmap

Electrical

8 TX/RX lanes each at 100G



**DRAFT** 

QSFP-DD or OSFP= 800G 8x100G

QSFP-DD800

**Optical** 

| WDM                    |           |               | Parallel  |           |  |
|------------------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|-----------|--|
| MM                     | SM        |               | ММ        | SM        |  |
| No solution identified | 8λ @ 100G | 4λ @ 100G     | 1λ @ 100G | 1λ @ 100G |  |
|                        | 2 F, LC   | 2x 2 F, VSFCC | 16 F, MTP | 16 F, MTP |  |
|                        | 800G-LR8  | 800G-2LR4     | 800G-SR8  | 800G-DR8  |  |
|                        | 800G-FR8  | 800G-2FR4     | 800G-VR8  | 800G-DR8+ |  |





10km 10km 2km 2km

100m 500m **50**m



**IEEE Published Standard IEEE Pending Standard** MSA/Eng Specification

Current work on development of 100G Lambda could bring changes in 100G and 400G transceivers

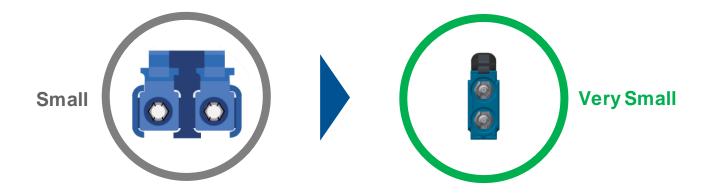
Future development of a 200G Lambda could lead to implement SMF WDM 800G-LR4, 800G-FR4 and Parallel 800G-DR4 versions

2km

### **Definitions**



**Small Form Factor (SFF) connectors** are **compact** fiber optic **connectors** that are designed for **small** spaces. These types of **small** components are always beneficial in fiber network applications where space is a **factor**.



### What is driving to have VSFF Connectors?

December 1

Consistent data center network designs – new scale

SM/MM MDC-MDC Jumper or Assembly

Spine 1

- A smaller duplex connector can be used to plug the breakout fibers directly into a new multi-channel Tx/Rx device
- Who drives it?
  - Hyperscales / Carriers
- What does it require?
  - VSFFC transceivers, VSFFC jumpers or VSFFC trunks/assemblies

2

#### Higher density fiber management



Image Source: US Conec Website

- Smaller form factor connectors would increase density by 2 to 3 times (up to 432F)
- Who drives it?
  - Enterprise DC / Carriers
- What does it require?
  - VSFFC jumpers, VSFFC modules, Housing to handle density

### VSFFC Summary Table



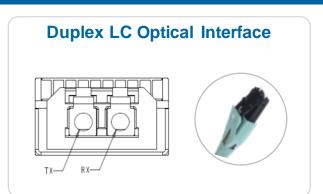




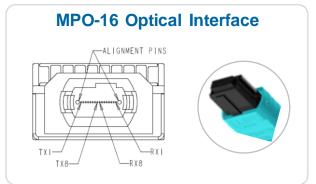
| Transceiver breakout applications                                    | QSFP-DD 2:1 (2X200G)                  | QSFP-DD 4:1 (4X100G)<br>SFP-DD 2:1 (2X50G) | QSFP-DD 4:1 (4X100G)<br>SFP-DD 2:1 (2X50G)  |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|---|
| Are there transceivers available in the market <b>today</b> ?        | Cisco / Arista                        | 2021 / 2022                                | 2021 / 2022                                 |
| Connector manufacturers offering components to create a new solution | Connectors<br>Adaptors <sup>(1)</sup> | Connectors Adaptors (1)                    | Connectors Adaptors (1)                     |
| Who has requested these connectivity?                                | Carrier Customer (2)                  | Hyperscale Customer (2)                    | Enterprise Customer<br>Carrier Customer (2) |

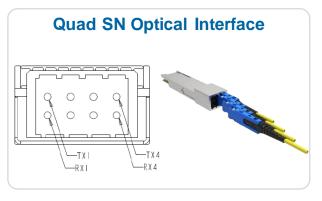
- 1) The variety of adaptors from the manufacturers will suit only specific applications and compatibility with existing hardware, meaning none of the VSFFC can provide the same Breakout application nor Density increase.
- 2) Niche application and design based on customer specification.

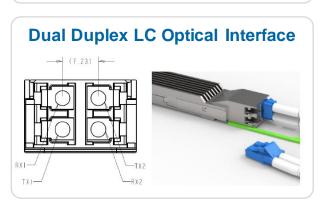
### 800G OSFP Optical Interfaces – Published on Aug 2<sup>nd</sup>, 2021

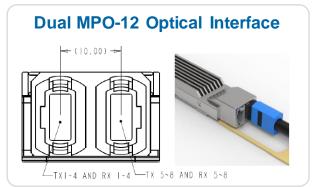


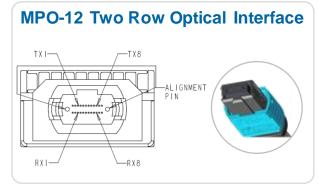


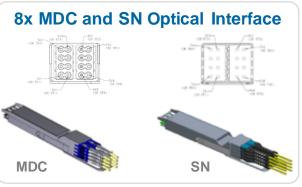




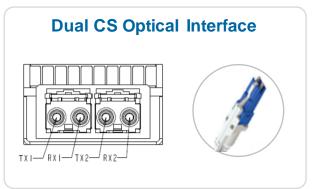


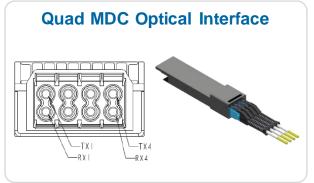


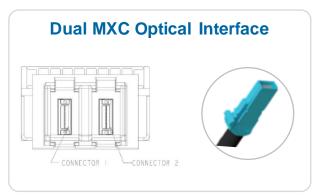




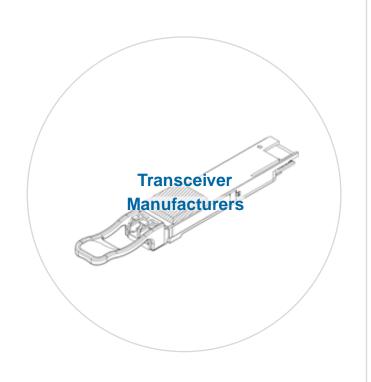


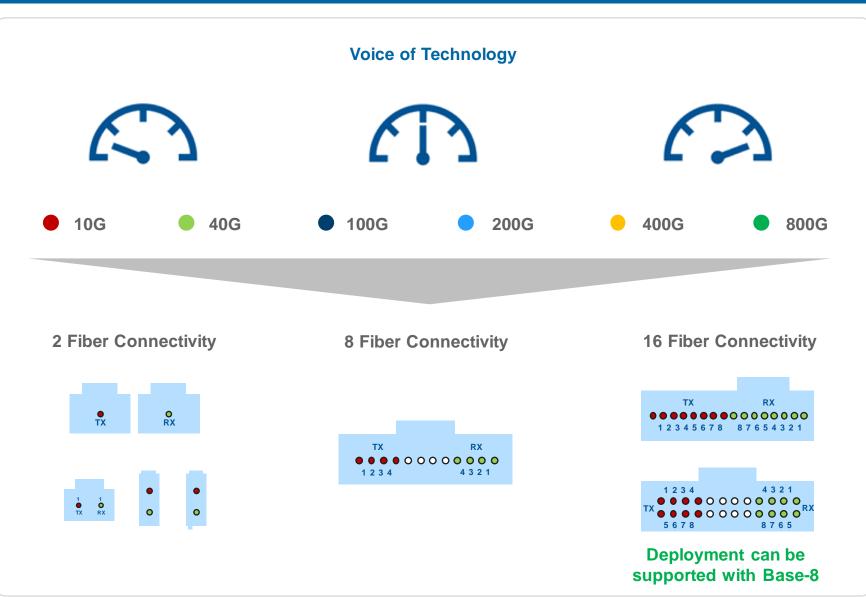




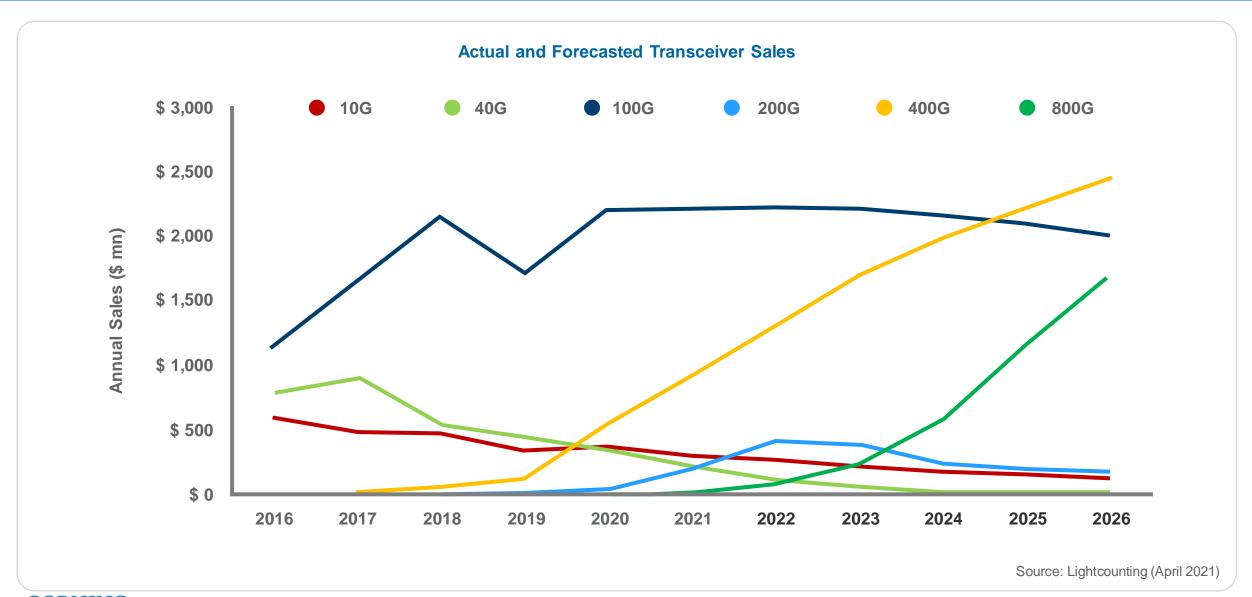


### Technology Roadmap





### Technology Roadmap



### **EDGE8 Solutions**

#### **Preterm Cables**

Input (Back)

#### **Best in class**

- The EDGE/EDGE8 Platform is the world's most versatile Switch-to-Switch data center solution.
- B2ca a1 s1 d1 trunks rated under CPR requirements
- MTP-Pro connectors with Push-Pull-Boot allowing superior finger access and polarity changes in the field
- Utilizes Corning fiber providing enhanced bend performance
- LC Uniboot and MTP Low Loss connectors available for MMF and SMF connections
- Match the transceiver technology connectivity with 100% fiber utilization

#### **Components**

















8-Fiber MTP Patch Cord

#### Cable Assemblies



#### **Value-Prop**

- The best option supporting migration from 10G to 800G
- Supports Base-2, Base-8 and Base-16 connectivity with **duplex** and parallel architecture
- Supports port breakout solutions to save space, power and cooling
- Supports network monitoring without adding separate space consuming hardware
- Supports keyed connectivity for **Secure Solutions**







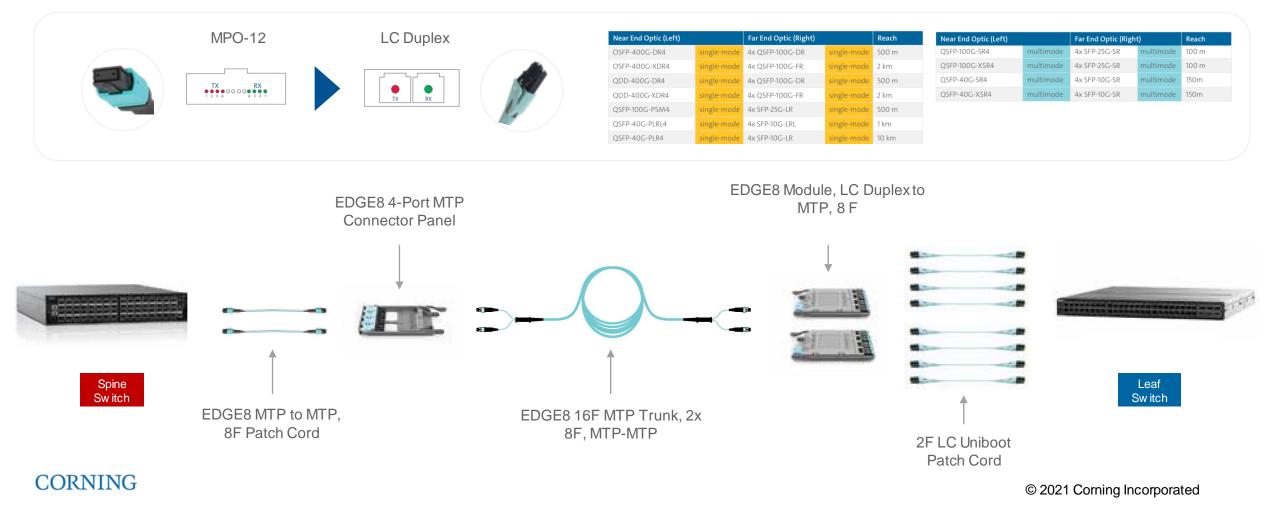




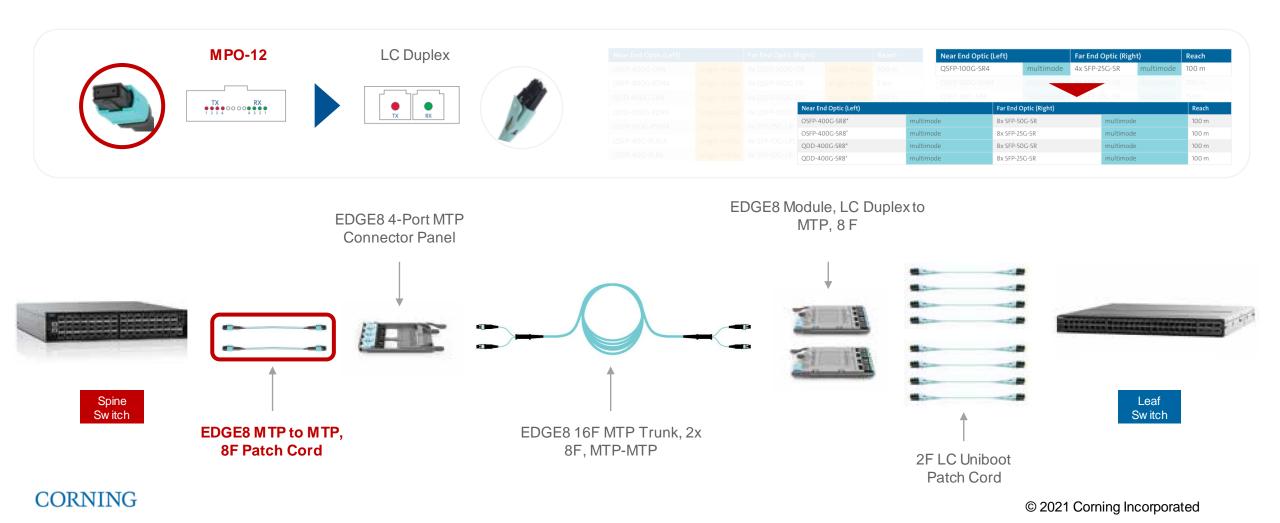




#### Example: MPO-12 to LC Duplex Across the Data Center With Trunk

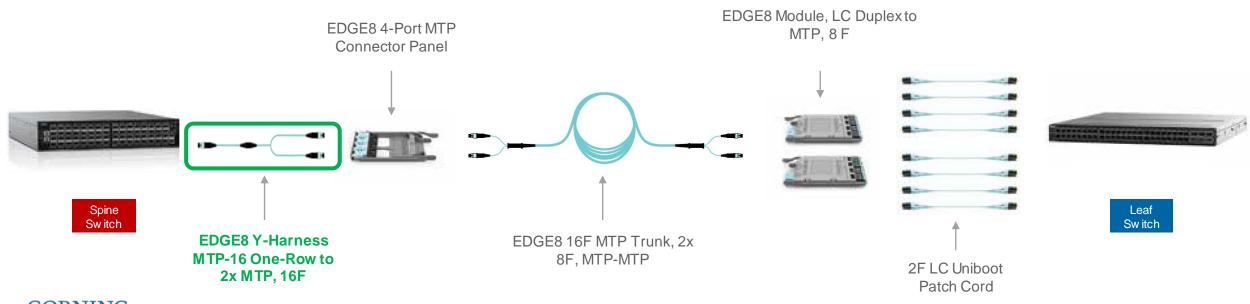


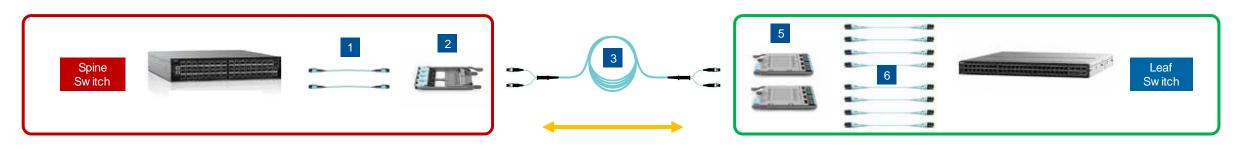
#### Example: MPO-12 to LC Duplex Across the Data Center With Trunk

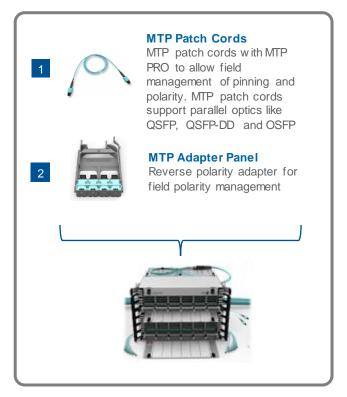


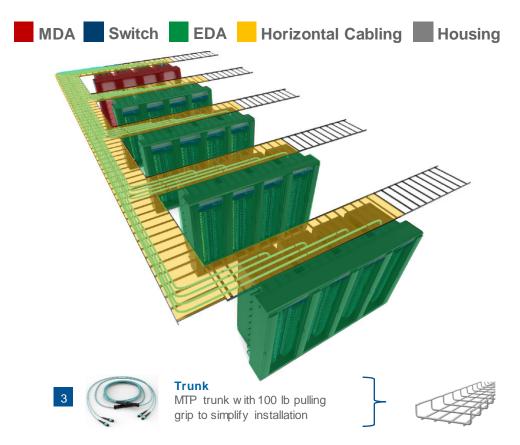
#### Example: MPO-16 APC One-Row to LC Duplex Across the Data Center With Trunk

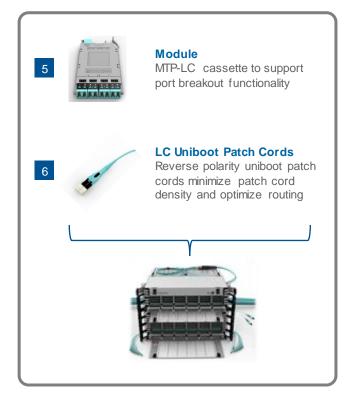




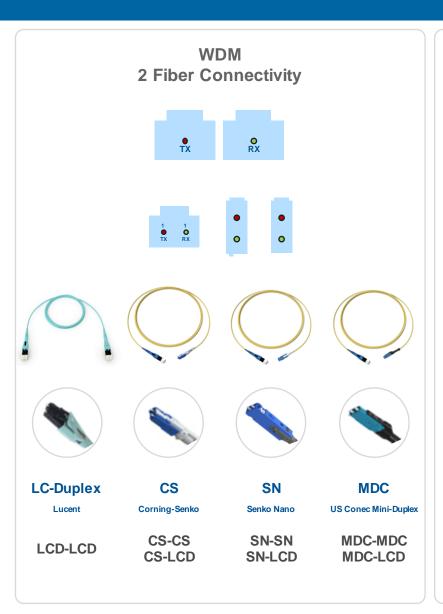




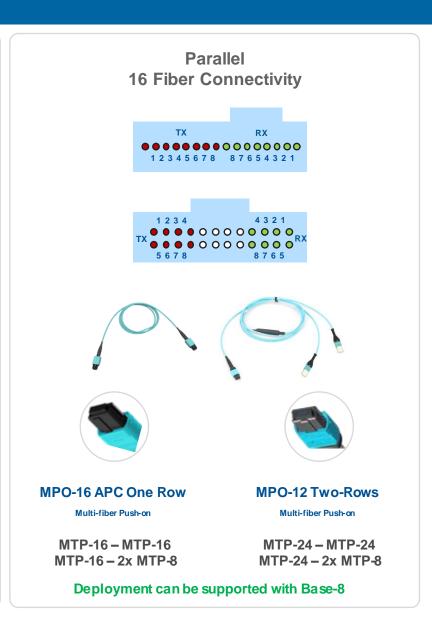




### Technology Roadmap







### EDGE8® Solutions







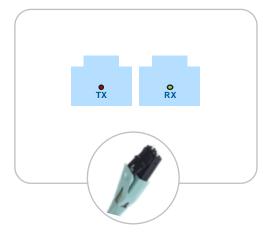




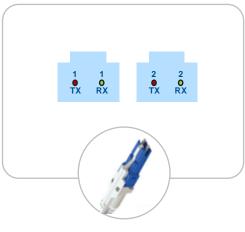


ISO / IEC11801 EN 50173-1 Standards

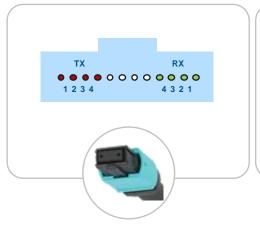
**LC Duplex** 



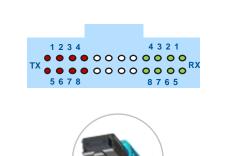
**CS Duplex** 



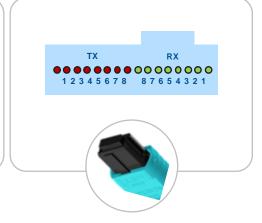
**MPO-12** 



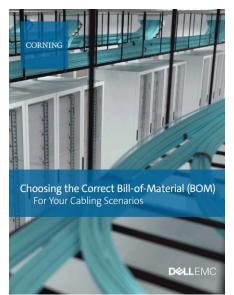
**MPO-12 Two Row** 

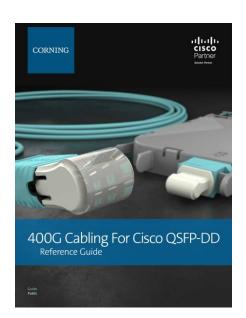


**MPO-16 One Row** 











### Connect with us:



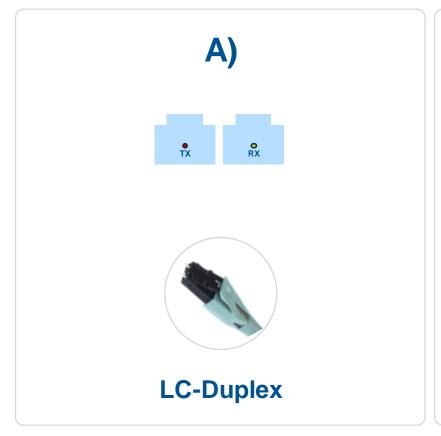


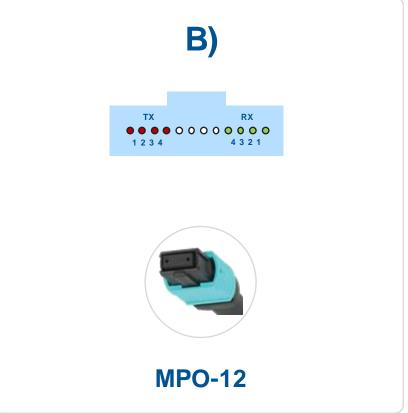


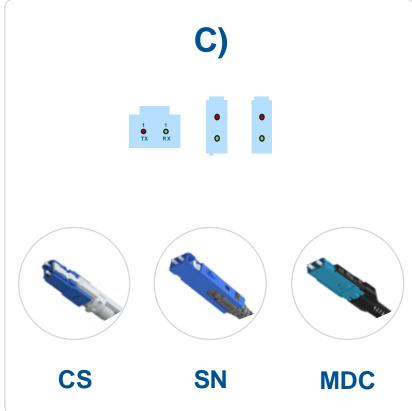
Corning Optical Communications

### Quiz time!

### What is the most common connector type used in WDM?







# CORNING